The duty to promote race equality

Public Procurement and Race Equality Guidelines for local government

(including all local authorities in Britain, police and fire authorities in England and Wales, and Scottish joint boards)

The Race Relations (Amendment) Act 2000, which amended the Race Relations Act 1976, has important implications for local authorities. The amended Race Relations Act, the RRA, now outlaws discrimination in all your functions, including procurement. It also gives you a clearer, more direct, positive legal duty to eliminate discrimination and to promote equality of opportunity and good race relations. The new legislation requires you to take proactive steps to assess whether there is equality of opportunity for everyone: your staff, the public you serve, and the businesses who work for you – and to make changes where this is not the case.

Where one or more of your functions is carried out by an external supplier, you remain responsible for meeting the duty. Contractors themselves must not discriminate, but they do not have the same legal obligation to promote equality of opportunity. So you must build relevant race equality considerations into the procurement process to ensure each function meets your RRA requirements, regardless of who is carrying it out.

Promoting equality through procurement matters. All groups in our communities, whatever their ethnic origin, have a right to expect that public money is spent on local services which suit their needs – and that it is spent in a way which promotes equality of opportunity and delivers high quality goods and services.

The principles and the law are clear, but putting them into practice, and working out the extent to which race equality can be promoted in procurement within wider legislation and policy, can be a challenge. This leaflet provides a summary of the main steps required to incorporate race equality into procurement, and the key outcomes you should seek to achieve. The CRE has also published a detailed guide, **Race Equality and Procurement in Local Government**, to help you meet the duty when carrying out procurement (see the back page for ordering details).

A companion guide for public authorities outside local government is also available.



Achieving race equality in procurement

Key outcomes

- All contracts are delivered in a way which is non-discriminatory, and promotes equality of opportunity for your staff, the general public, and businesses.
- The goods, works, and services provided by contractors cater for all users' needs.
- There is no difference in the satisfaction rates of users, or your staff, from different racial groups.
- Contractors are representative of the local population, or of the area from which the businesses are drawn, with respect to ethnic diversity.
- Contractors work on a voluntary basis to promote equality of opportunity beyond the scope of the contract.

Key building blocks

- Include race equality considerations in your procurement strategies and policies, and link them to your race equality scheme.
- Be consistent in your approach to race equality across all departments, and at each stage of the procurement process.
- Provide training and guidance for all officers responsible for the race equality elements of a contract, including monitoring.
- Consult users, and potential users, on their requirements for relevant services, and initiate discussions with potential suppliers.
- Take steps to ensure there is a level playing field for all potential contractors, regardless of size or ethnicity of ownership – and make your policy on race equality clear to all interested firms.
- Consider race equality when defining your requirements at each stage of the contract process, monitor and assess results, and plan for improvement.

 Encourage contractors to agree to further voluntary steps to promote race equality after the contract has been awarded.

Guiding principles

Relevance

Any contract that could have a different impact by racial group is relevant to your duty. Consider all elements of the contract, not just those which are most obvious.

Proportionality

The actions you take to ensure race equality should relate to the likely impact, and size, of the contract. You cannot ignore smaller contracts, but simpler procedures may be more appropriate.

Accountability

The body or individual legally responsible for your organisation is ultimately accountable for meeting the duty. Clear lines of accountability are needed if responsibility is delegated.

Transparency

This is a principle of EC rules and UK law, and is a key element of the duty.

Mainstreaming

Race equality should be integral to corporate objectives, planning, and service provision.

Appropriateness

Authorities vary, so the CRE's recommendations need to be adapted to work for you.

Complying with the law

You must meet the requirements of the RRA when carrying out procurement, but also comply with EC and UK laws, and government policy.

Risk assessment

The more relevant the contract is to the duty, the more risk there will be in not acting. Some risk can be transferred to contractors, but responsibility stays with the authority.

Roles and responsibilities - checklist

Do contractors delivering relevant functions meet the commitments in your race equality scheme?

Members of the authority You are ultimately accountable for ensuring your			Do all departments have a consistent approach to race equality, and is information shared?		
organisation complies with the duty in carrying out all relevant functions, including procurement.		Have corporate and departmental performan			
Does your authority's race equality scheme cover procurement and identify specific actions?			indicators been set for procurement and race equality?		
Do the authority's strategic objectives for procurement include race equality?			Are you asked to report to members on performance against these targets?		
			Do you take ownership for procurement carried		
	Example: Extract from Ealing Council's	•	out by others, and ask them to report to you?		
	Procurement Strategy.		Do you ensure that legal advice is available to		
	The council will ensure that its procurement policies and practices support its corporate strategies by:		members and relevant staff on compliance wit EC rules, the RRA, and other legislation, when carrying out procurement?		
	a) insisting that our appointed contractors share and	·	carrying out procurement:		
	help deliver our equal opportunities goals;		first two questions for members, above,		
	 making sure our selection and tendering processes positively address and include equality considera- tions; 	also	apply.		
	c) rigorously monitoring our contracts for compli-		cers concerned with service review		
	ance;		improvement need to ensure that services meet the needs		
	d) including appropriate terms and conditions; and		I users, regardless of who provides them.		
	e) training staff in equalities issues for procurement.		Are users and potential users consulted on the form services should take?		
	Do you receive reports from the chief executive		orm services should take.		
and senior managers on how strategic objectives in this area are met?			Are businesses involved in pre-tender discussion about how services could be delivered?		
Do you require others to monitor and report to you on contractor performance relating to race equality?			Is race equality factored into all service review and option analysis?		
		Proc	curement and purchasing officers, officers		
	ef officers and strategic policy officers		cerned with service delivery, monitoring		
	are likely to have a high level of responsibility for thing the duty and ensuring the authority acts	offic You	cers need to ensure that race equality is considered		
lawfully in this area.		at each stage of the procurement process.			
☐ Do you understand what the Race Relations Act (RRA) requires in terms of how your authority purchases goods, works, and services?		Do you consider all potential race equality elements of a contract?			
			Example: A fire authority contract to publish leaflets		
	Are you and other key staff trained on the RRA?		on fire safety required the contractor to identify which		
	Do you provide support for others carrying out		languages (besides English and Welsh) were most appropriate for reaching people in the authority's area		
	procurement, including in terms of race equality?		 including commuters, students, tourists and other 		
	Do contractore delivering relevant functions most		travellers, as well as permanent residents.		

Do you consult with service users and providers, and liaise with equality officers before designing		Do you inform unsuccessful firms, at each stage, of their weaknesses, including on issues of race equality?
 the specification? Do you build requirements relating to your authority's general and specific duties into the specification? 		Do you monitor the ethnicity of ownership of your contractor base, identify barriers, and make changes?
	Do you consider race equality at each stage of the process, as set out in the cycle overleaf? Example (specification): A rural council letting a contract for two mobile neighbourhood information centres knows that local Gypsies are less likely than others to use local services, and that some Gypsy children are disadvantaged when they begin school. The contract specifies that the contractor should: • consult Gypsy families about how best to provide information about council services to them; • adjust the services of the mobile centres to be more relevant and accessible to Gypsy families (for example, plan itineraries and schedules to suit their needs); and • encourage Gypsy families in the area to use the council's services, including facilities for parents and young children, nursery classes, and primary schools.	Example: Haringey council has developed a programme to help small and ethnic minority businesses acquire the skills they need to compete for contracts. The authority: • holds training seminars for small and mediumsized firms on all aspects of tendering, including equal opportunities; • offers opportunities for small businesses to network with the authority and business advice agencies; and • helps its main private sector contractors increase their range of suppliers. Equal opportunities officers You should check that others within your organisation are adequately briefed on the RRA in the context of procurement. □ Does your race equality scheme identify
	 Example (selection): Derbyshire County Council has a scale of requirements, based on there being a greater risk where the contractor has more contact with members of the public, or where there is a greater service element in the contract as a whole. Minimum risk: no specific requirements placed on the supplier, other than being made aware of the council's policies and objectives. Low risk: a written equal opportunities policy, with evidence of implementation and non-compliance procedures. Medium risk: a written policy, staff training programme, risk assessments, and a complaints 	 Are any of the functions listed in your race equality scheme delivered, wholly or in part, by contractors? Are others in your authority aware of the relevance of the duty to procurement? If you have a procurement strategy, does it include race equality? Are you consulted when contracts relevant to race equality are designed?
	grannie, risk assessments, and a complaints	Where answers to the above questions are 'no'

(excluding the second one), do you raise the

issues with others?

procedure.

monitoring system.

High risk: all of the above documentation is required, together with a comprehensive

Race equality in the procurement cycle

 Give all information Decide if race equality Include all race equality Check no history of is a core requirement requirements discrimination about authority Give copy of RES Consult users and Include requirements for Check ability to promote potential users fulfilling commitments in RES race equality in State race equality employment **Evaluate existing provisions** Include non-discrimination evaluation criteria service delivery and identify improvements contract clauses State evidence to Consult providers Include relevant clauses to be submitted promote race equality **Specification** and contract **START** conditions **Definition Selection** of needs Corporate objectives Procurement strategy Race equality scheme **Invitation Review** to tender Best value Local authority policy National policy **Evaluation Monitoring** and award and managing **Immediate** steps following award of contract Check contractor's Review success or failure Agree on responsibilities Apply relevant criteria of authority and contractors relating to race equality in promoting race equality performance meets race equality requirements Note lessons for future Clarify race equality Evaluate offer which is contracts Act promptly to improve requirements best value for money. poor performance and can meet all the Agree methods of requirements Help with difficulties monitoring If poor performance persists, take enforcement action





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