1xx Fields

Chapter Summary

1xxIntroduction1:2100Main Entry-Personal Name1:3110Main Entry-Corporate Name1:9111Main Entry-Meeting Name1:14130Main Entry-Uniform Title1:18

1xx Introduction

1xx fields	Use fields 100–130 for names or uniform title headings used as a main entry.
Current cataloging	If you are inputting current cataloging, construct entries according to <i>Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules</i> , second edition and Library of Congress (LC) practice. Search the OCLC Authority File to verify forms of entry.
	Use current LC-AACR2 or AACR2-compatible forms of names and uniform titles. If the current LC-AACR2 or AACR2-compatible form is unknown, construct the heading according to AACR2 and the <i>Library of Congress Rule Interpretations</i> (LCRIs).
Retrospective cataloging	If you are inputting retrospective cataloging, search the OCLC Authority File to verify forms of entry.
	Use current LC-AACR2 or AACR2-compatible forms of names and uniform titles. If the current LC-AACR2 or AACR2-compatible form is unknown, you may enter the pre-AACR2 form, but you are encouraged to construct the heading according to AACR2 and the LCRIs.
	See section 2.2, "Transcribing Pre-AACR2 Copy," for more information.
Problematic headings	The Library of Congress has established guidelines for tagging certain corporate bodies and uniform titles. These guidelines and lists of problematic headings are periodically updated and are available the Library of Congress's Acquisitions and Bibliographic Access Directorate (http://www.loc.gov/aba/). Consult these guidelines when constructing problem headings.

100 Main Entry–Personal Name (NR)

Inp	ut Standards	
Rec	uired if applicable/Required if applicable	
1st	Indicator Type of personal name entry element	
0	Forename	
1	Surname	
3	Family name	
2nc	Indicator Undefined	
Ø	Undefined	
Sul	ofields (R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable)	Input Standards
‡a	Personal name (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory
‡b	Numeration (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡c	Titles and other words associated with a name (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡d	Dates associated with a name (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡e	Relator term (R)	Optional/Optional
‡f	Date of a work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡g	Miscellaneous information (NR)	Optional/Optional
‡j	Attribution qualifier (R)	Optional/Optional
‡k	Form subheading (R)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡l	Language of a work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡n	Number of part/section of a work (R)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡p	Name of part/section of a work (R)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡q	Fuller form of name (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡s	Version (NR)	Obsolete. Do not use/Obsolete. Do not use
‡t	Title of a work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡u	Affiliation (NR)	Optional/Optional
‡ 0	Authority record control number (R)	Optional/Optional
‡ 4	Relator code (R)	Optional/Optional

Definition

A personal name used as a main entry heading. A main entry heading is assigned according to various cataloging rules. Usually, a personal name is the name of the person chiefly responsible for the creation of the artistic or intellectual content of an item. Use for the following types of personal names:

- Names of persons capable of authorship.
- Phrases having the structure of forenames or surnames. Use this type of entry if a phrase characterizes an author and is the only clue to the author's identity.
- Names of families.

Do not enter field 100 in the same record with field 110, field 111 or field 130.

Archival materials The personal or family name may be the name or other essential identifying information about the person or family responsible for the creation of the papers or

for whom a manuscript collection is named. To enter additional biographical or identifying data, use <u>field 545</u>.

1st Indicator Type of personal name entry element. The form of name. These values could be used to facilitate card filing arrangements. However, OCLC does **not** differentiate among forms of name for sorting cards.

AACR2 has no provision for names of families as main or added entries (field 100, <u>field 700</u> and <u>field 800</u>). However, family names may be used as main entries for current cataloging of archival collections cataloged according to *Describing Archives: A Content Standard*. Names of families are appropriate as subject entries (<u>field 600</u>).

- **0** Forename. Use for the following types of names:
 - Names structured as forenames (direct order)
 - 100 0 Father Divine.
 - 100 0 Hildegarde, ‡c Saint.
 - 100 0 Howard.
 - Names that consist of initials in direct order

100 0 H.D.

- Characterizing phrases in direct order
 - 100 0 Author of Allons au ciel.
 - 100 0 Master of the Housebook.
- If a forename/surname status is in doubt, treat the name as a forename
 - 100 0 Liberace.
 - 100 0 Pseudo-Brutus.
 - 100 0 Ram Gopal.
- **1** Surname. Use for the following types of names:
 - Names (real or pseudonyms) having any inverted order
 - 100 1 Carroll, Lewis.
 - 100 1 Chiang, Kai-shek.
 - 100 1 Walpole, William Winchester.
 - Names known to be surnames but lacking forenames
 - 100 1 Smith, ‡c Mrs.
 - 100 1 Stendhal.
 - Names consisting of multiple entry elements that include articles or prepositions (e.g., De, La or Van)
 - 100 1 De la Mare, Walter.
 - 100 1 Van Buren, Martin.

	• Names of persons known under sobriquets and nicknames that have the structure of surnames
	1001 Other, A. N.
	1001 Q., Mike.
	3 Family name. Use for the name of a family, clan, dynasty, house or other such group. The name may be constructed in direct or inverted order.
	100 3 Dunlop family.
	100 3 Norfolk, Dukes of.
	100 3 Medici, House of.
2nd Indicator	Undefined. The 2nd indicator position is undefined and contains a blank (\emptyset).
	b Undefined
Subfields	
‡a Personal name	A surname and/or forename; abbreviations, initials, letters, numbers or phrases used in place of a name; or a family name. Use subfield ‡c for parenthetical qualifying terms associated with the name. Use subfield ‡q for fuller forms of a name added as a qualifier. Enter a period after initials. Enter one space between initials.
	100 0 B. M.
	100 0 Cher.
	100 0 Sun Ra.
	100 1 Ching, Francis K. W.
	100 1 Das Gupta, G.
	100 1 Harris, Edwin.
	100 1 Smith, W. Zachariah.
	100 1 Stowe, Harriet Beecher.
‡b Numeration	A Roman numeral alone or a Roman numeral and a subsequent part of a forename. Use only in a forename heading (i.e., entries with 1st indicator value θ).
	100 0 Gustaf ‡b II Adolf.
	100 0 John [‡] b II Comnenus, [‡] c Emperor of the East, [‡] d 1088-1143.
	100 0 John Paul ‡b II, ‡c Pope, ‡d 1920-2005.
	100 0 Louis ‡ b IX.
‡ c Titles and other words associated with	Titles and other words associated with a name. These include qualifying information such as:
a name	 A Roman numeral used with a surname Initials of an academic degree or denoting membership in an organization, e.g., F.L.A. Terms of address, e.g., Mrs. Titles designating rank, office or nobility, e.g., Sir Other words or phrases associated with a name, e.g., clockmaker or Saint.

100 0 Anselm, ‡c Brother, F.S.C.

100 0 Johannes ‡c (Notary)

100 0 John Paul ‡b I, ‡c Pope.

100 0 Charles *‡b* X Gustav, *‡c* King of Sweden.

	100 0 Joseph, ‡c Nez Percé Chief.
	100 0 Pierre, ‡c Chef.
	100 1 Evans, Montgomery, ‡c II.
	100 1 Kames, Henry Home, ‡c Lord.
	100 1 Smith, David, <i>tc</i> history master.
	100 1 Ward, Humphrey, ‡c Mrs.
	If the heading is a surname followed directly by a prefix without intervening forenames or forename initials, the prefix is contained in subfield ‡c to prevent its being processed as a forename in searching.
	100 1 Walle-Lissnijder, ‡c van de.
	If a heading consists of a surname with a title or associated words, enter the title following the surname and preceding any other element of the heading. Use subfield ‡q for fuller forms of names in parentheses.
	100 1 Gatti de Gamond, ‡c Madame ‡q (Zoé Charlotte)
	Multiple adjacent titles or words associated with a name are contained in a single subfield ‡c. Repeat subfield ‡c only when words associated with a name are separated by subelements contained in other subfields.
	100 0 Charles Edward, <i>c</i> Prince, grandson of James II, King of England, <i>d</i> 1720-1788.
	100 0 Thomas, ‡c Aquinas, Saint, ‡d 1225?-1274.
	100 1 Churchill, Winston, ‡c Sir, ‡d 1874-1965 ‡c (Spirit) [Subfield ‡c is repeated due to intervening subelements.]
	Use for other parenthetical additions to a name.
	100 0 Taj Mahal ‡c (Musician)
‡d Dates associated with a name	Birth, death or flourished dates used with a name. A qualifier used with the date (e.g., $b.$, $d.$, $ca.$, $fl.$, cent. or ?) is also contained in subfield $\ddagger d$.
	100 0 Jacques, ‡c de Liége, ‡d ca. 1260-ca. 1330.
	100 0 Joannes, ‡c Diaconus, ‡d 12th cent.
	100 0 Piri Reis, ‡d d. 1554?
	100 1 Adams, Henry, ‡ d 1838-1918.
	100 1 Johnson, Carl F., ‡d fl. 1893-1896.
	100 1 Saint-Georges, Joseph Boulogne, ‡c chevalier de, ‡d d. 1799.
	100 1 Smith, John, ‡d 1882 Aug. 5-

	100 1 Wells, H. G. ‡q (Herbert George), ‡d 1866-1946.
	The print program provides any necessary additional spaces after the hyphen.
	100 1 Smith, John, ‡d 1924- ‡e defendant.
	Prints as:
	Smith, John, 1924- defendant.
‡e Relator term	A designation of function that describes the relationship between a name and a work (e.g., collector, comp., defendant, ed., ill., joint author or tr.).
	100 1 Fitzgerald-Jones, Sandra, ‡d 1938- ‡e interviewer.
	100 1 Morgan, John Pierpont, ‡d 1837-1913, ‡e collector.
	100 1 Smith, Elsie, ‡d 1900-1945, ‡e defendant.
	Relator codes, which also specify a relationship of a person to a work, are contained in subfield \$\$4.
‡f Date of a work	The date of publication used with a title of a work. Pre-AACR2 headings only.
‡g Miscellaneous information	Data not identified in another subfield. Unlikely to be used in field 100.
‡j Attribution qualifier	Attribution information when the responsibility is unknown, uncertain, fictitious or pseudonymous. Use for qualifiers that follow the name of a known artist for the work. Do not use subfield <i>‡</i> j for headings formulated according to AACR2.
	1000 E. S., ‡c Meister, ‡d 15 cent., ‡j Follower of
	1001 Reynolds, Joshua, ‡c Sir, ‡d 1723-1792, ‡j Pupil of
‡k Form subheading	A form subheading. Pre-AACR2 headings only.
‡I Language of a work	The name of the language or the term representing the language (e.g., Polyglot) of a work. Pre-AACR2 headings only.
‡n Number of part/ section of a work	The number designation for a part/section of a work. Pre-AACR2 headings only.
‡p Name of part/ section of a work	A name designation of a part/section of a work in a name/title field. Pre-AACR2 headings only.
‡q Fuller form of name	A more complete form or part of the name than is in subfield ‡a. Enter unused forenames or surnames if the name is necessary to resolve conflicts.
	100 0 W. J. ‡q (William Jameson)
	100 1 Beeton, ‡c Mrs. ‡q (Isabella Mary), ‡d 1836-1865.
	100 1 Fowler, T. M. ‡q (Thaddeus Mortimer), ‡d 1842-1922.
	100 1 Smith, Elizabeth ‡q (Ann Elizabeth)
‡s Version	Obsolete. Do not use.
‡t Title of a work	A uniform title, a title page title of a work or a series title. Pre-AACR2 headings only. Enter AACR2 title main entry information in <u>field 240</u> or <u>field 245</u> as appropriate.
‡u Affiliation	The affiliation or address of the name in subfield ‡a.
	100 1 Brown, B. F. ‡u Chemistry Dept., American University
1.44	1.7

‡0 Authority record control number	Subfield ‡0 (zero) contains the system control number of the related authority record or a standard identifier such as an International Standard Name Identifier (ISNI). The control number or identifier is preceded by the appropriate MARC Organization code (for a related authority record) or the Standard Identifier source code (for a standard identifier scheme), enclosed in parentheses. See <i>MARC Code List for Organizations</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/marc/organizations/orgshome.html</u>) for a listing of organization codes and <i>Standard Identifier Source Codes</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/standards/sourcelist/standard-identifier.html</u>) for code systems for standard identifiers. Subfield ‡0 is repeatable for different control numbers or identifiers.
	Do not input subfield ‡0 in master records, instead use the control headings function. Local authority identifiers may be entered in subfield ‡0 locally, but should not be added to master records in WorldCat.
‡4 Relator code	A three-character code that indicates the relationship of the entry to the item. See <i>MARC Code List for Relators</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/marc/relators/</u>).
	100 1 Beecham, Thomas, ‡c Sir, ‡d 1879-1961. ‡4 cnd
	100 1 Herman, Egbert. ‡4 org
	Relator terms, which also specify a relationship of a person to a work, are contained in subfield ‡e.
Printing	Field 100 prints as the main heading. Subfields ‡u and ‡4 do not print.

110 Main Entry–Corporate Name (NR)

Inp	ut Standards	
Rec	uired if applicable/Required if applicable	
1st	Indicator Type of corporate name entry element	
0	Inverted name	
1	Jurisdiction name	
2	Name in direct order	
2nc	Indicator Undefined	
ø	Undefined.	
Sul	bfields (R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable)	Input Standards
‡a	Corporate name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory
‡b	Subordinate unit (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡c	Location of meeting (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡d	Date of meeting or treaty signing (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡e	Relator term (R)	Optional/Optional
‡f	Date of work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡g	Miscellaneous information (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡h	Medium (NR)	Obsolete. Do not use/Obsolete. Do not use
‡k	Form subheading (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
ţl	Language of a work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡n	Number of part/section/meeting (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡p	Name of part/section of a work (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
‡s	Version (NR)	Obsolete. Do not use/Obsolete. Do not use
‡t	Title of a work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
‡u	Affiliation (NR)	Optional/Optional
± 0	Authority record control number (R)	Optional/Optional
‡ 4	Relator code (R)	Optional/Required if applicable

Definition

A corporate name used as a main entry heading. A main entry heading is assigned according to various cataloging rules. Corporate names are the names of agencies, associations, businesses, firms, governments, institutions, nonprofit enterprises, performing groups, etc. Use for the following types of corporate names:

- Organized bodies entered directly under their own names
- Organized bodies entered under names of political jurisdictions
- Political jurisdictions standing alone
- Special corporate names, such as names of abbeys, cathedrals, churches, denominations, monasteries, missions, musical groups, parishes, priories, programs, studies and vessels (e.g., Catholic Church, Dire Straits (Musical group), Monasterio Las Descalzas (Lima, Peru), New York Philharmonic or Writers' Program)
- Names of conferences, conventions, exhibitions, expeditions, festivals and meetings entered indirectly, that is, under the name of a corporate body (e.g., Labour Party (Great Britain). Conference)

Do not enter field 110 in the same record with field 100, field 111 or field 130.

1st Indicator	Type of corporate name entry element. The form of name. These values could be used to facilitate card filing arrangements. However, OCLC does not differentiate among forms of name for sorting cards.
	0 Inverted name. Pre-AACR2 headings in inverted order.
	110 0 Little (Arthur D.) inc. [Pre-AACR2.]
	1 Jurisdiction name. Jurisdictions may be ecclesiastical entities or the jurisdiction name under which you enter a corporate name, a city section or a title of a work (e.g., <i>France</i> or <i>New York (N.Y.)</i>). Corporate names containing a name of a jurisdiction as an integral part of the name or qualified by a jurisdiction name are identified by 1st indicator value 2.
	110 1 Great Britain. ‡ b Home Office.
	110 1 Fulda (Germany : Ecclesiastical principality)
	110 1 San Francisco (Calif.). <i>‡b</i> Division of Mapping.
	110 1 United States. ‡ b President (1981-1989 : Reagan)
	2 Name in direct order. Corporate names entered in direct order. These headings may also have a parenthetical qualifier or may be an acronym or initialism.
	110 2 Alabama (Musical group)
	110 2 Berlitz Schools of Languages of America.
	110 2 National Gardening Association (U.S.)
	110 2 United States Steel Corporation.
2nd Indicator	Undefined. The 2nd indicator position is undefined and contains a blank (b).
	b Undefined.
Subfields	
‡a Corporate name or jurisdiction name as entry element	Name of a corporate body or the first entity when subordinate units are present; a jurisdiction name under which a corporate body, city section or title of a work is entered; or a jurisdiction name that is also an ecclesiastical entity.
	110 1 Vermont. <i>‡b</i> Dept. of Water Resources.
	110 2 Art Nouveau, Inc.
	110 2 Bicentennial Committee on Historic Houses.
	110 2 Pennsylvania State University.
	Enter parenthetical qualifying information, jurisdiction names or dates (other than the date of a meeting) in parenthesis in subfield ‡a.
	110 1 Berlin (Germany)
	110 2 Benjamin F. Packard (Sailing ship)
	110 2 Friedrich Witte (Firm)
	110 2 Philharmonia Orchestra (London, England)
	110 2 Scientific Society of San Antonio (1892-1894)

	Enter one space between an initial and a noninitial. Do not enter a space between initials.	
	110 2 F & H Denby.	
	110 2 W.H. Ross Foundation for the Study of Prevention of Blindness.	
‡b Subordinate unit	Corporate names or corporate subheadings that follow the name of the highest hierarchical unit (subfield ‡a). Enter each subordinate unit in a separate subfield ‡b.	
	110 2 Curtis Publishing Company. ‡ b Research Dept.	
	110 1 United States. ‡b Forest Service. ‡b Pacific Northwest Region.	
	110 2 University of London. ‡ b School of Pharmacy.	
	Enter a date, number or place that follows a corporate name and is separated from the name by a comma in the same subfield.	
	110 1 United States. ‡ b Army. ‡ b Corps, IV.	
	Enter parenthetical qualifying information associated with the subordinate unit also in subfield ‡ b.	
	110 1 United States. <i>‡b</i> President (1953-1961 : Eisenhower)	
‡c Location of meeting	Place name or a name of an institution where a meeting was held. Use a single subfield <i>‡c</i> for multiple adjacent locations.	
	 110 2 International Labour Organisation. \$\$ European Regional Conference \$\$ n (2nd : \$\$ d 1968 : \$\$ c Geneva, Switzerland) 	
	110 2 Labour Party (Great Britain). [‡]b Conference [‡]n (71st : [‡]c Blackpool, Lancashire, England)	
‡d Date of meeting or	The date a meeting was held or date a treaty was signed.	
treaty signing	110 1 United States. <i>‡b</i> Congress <i>‡n</i> (87th, 2nd session : <i>‡d</i> 1962)	
	110 2 Catholic Church. ‡b Plenary Council of Baltimore ‡n (2nd : ‡d 1866)	
‡e Relator term	A designation of function that describes the relationship between a name and a work (e.g., defendants).	
	110 2 Eastman Kodak Company, ‡e defendant-appellant.	
	Relator codes, which also specify a relationship of a person to a work, are contained in subfield \$4.	
‡f Date of work	The date of publication used with a title of a work. Pre-AACR2 headings only.	
‡g Miscellaneous information	Data not identified in other subfields. Use for subelements that are not more appropriately contained in subfields <i>‡</i> c, <i>‡</i> d or <i>‡</i> n.	
	110 1 Minnesota. ‡ b Constitutional Convention ‡ d (1857 : ‡ g Republican)	
‡h Medium	Obsolete. Do not use.	
‡k Form subheading	Standardized phrases added to a heading to gather records for certain kinds of materials. Form subheadings include: <i>Manuscript</i> ; <i>Protocols</i> , <i>etc.</i> ; <i>Selections</i> .	
	110 2 British Museum. ‡k Manuscript. ‡n Arundel 384.	

‡I Language of a work	The name of the language or the term representing the language (e.g., Polyglot) of a work. Pre-AACR2 headings only.	
‡n Number of part/ section/meeting	The number of a meeting that is entered under a corporate name. Use also for a number designation for a part/section of a work used with a title in a name/title field. Numbering is an indication of sequencing in any form (e.g., Book two, Part 1 or Supplement A). For music, use the opus, serial or thematic index number or a date used as a number in subfield ‡n.	
	110 2 British Museum. ‡k Manuscript. ‡n Arundel 384.	
	Enter multiple numberings for a part/section separated by a comma (usually alternative numberings) in a single subfield ‡n. Enter multiple numberings for a part/section separated by a period (usually numberings of subparts) in separate subfield ‡n's	
	110 1 United States. ‡b Congress ‡n (87th, 2nd session : ‡d 1962)	
<pre>‡p Name of part/ section of a work</pre>	A name designation of a part/section of a work. Use also for a name designation following the form subdivision <i>Manuscript</i> .	
	110 2 New York Public Library. ‡ k Manuscript. ‡ p Aulendorf Codex.	
ts Version	Obsolete. Do not use.	
‡t Title of a work	A uniform title, a title page title of a work or a series title. Pre-AACR2 headings only. Enter AACR2 title main entry information in <u>field 240</u> or <u>field 245</u> as appropriate.	
‡u Affiliation	The affiliation or address of the name in subfield ‡a.	
	110 2 Industrial Environmental Research Laboratory. ‡u Research Triangle Park, N.C.	
‡0 Authority record control number	Subfield ‡0 (zero) contains the system control number of the related authority record or a standard identifier such as an International Standard Name Identifier (ISNI). The control number or identifier is preceded by the appropriate MARC Organization code (for a related authority record) or the Standard Identifier source code (for a standard identifier scheme), enclosed in parentheses. See <i>MARC Code List for Organizations</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/marc/organizations/orgshome.html</u>) for a listing of organization codes and <i>Standard Identifier Source Codes</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/standards/sourcelist/standard-identifier.html</u>) for code systems for standard identifiers. Subfield ‡0 is repeatable for different control numbers or identifiers.	
	Do not input subfield \$\$\pma10\$ in master records, instead use the control headings function. Local authority identifiers may be entered in subfield \$\$\pma10\$ locally, but should not be added to master records in WorldCat.	
‡4 Relator code	A three-character code that indicates the relationship of the entry to the item. See <i>MARC Code Lists for Relators, Sources, Descriptive Conventions</i> (http://www.loc.gov/marc/relators/relahome.html).	
	110 1 United States. <i>tb</i> Energy Research and Development Administration.<i>t4</i> fnd	
	110 2 J.H. Bufford & Co. ‡ 4 pop	

Relator terms, which also specify a relationship of a name to a work, are contained in subfield ‡e.

Printing

Field 110 prints as the main heading. Subfields ‡u and ‡4 do **not** print.

111 Main Entry–Meeting Name (NR)

blicable/Required if applicable r Type of meeting name entry element name ion name direct order or Undefined ed R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable) name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR) of meeting (NR) meeting (R) hate unit (R) a work (NR) neous information (NR)	Input Standards Mandatory/Mandatory Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
name ion name direct order r Undefined ed R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable) name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR) of meeting (NR) meeting (R) hate unit (R) a work (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
ion name direct order or Undefined ed R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable) name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR) of meeting (NR) meeting (R) nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
direct order or Undefined ed R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable) name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR) of meeting (NR) meeting (R) nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
or Undefined ed R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable) name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR) of meeting (NR) meeting (R) nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
ed R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable) name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR) of meeting (NR) meeting (R) nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable) name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR) of meeting (NR) meeting (R) nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
name or jurisdiction name as entry element (NR) of meeting (NR) meeting (R) nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
of meeting (NR) meeting (R) nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
meeting (R) nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
nate unit (R) a work (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
a work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
	AACR2 only
neous information (NR)	
	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
(NR)	Obsolete. Do not use/Obsolete. Do not use
erm (R)	Optional/Optional
bheading (R)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
je of a work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
of part/ section/meeting (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable
part/section of a work (R)	Required if applicable. Pre-AACR2 only/ Required if applicable. Pre-AACR2 only
meeting following jurisdiction name entry element (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
(NR)	Obsolete. Do not use/Obsolete. Do not use
work (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only
ו (NR)	Optional/Optional
/ record control number (R)	Optional/Optional
	Optional/Optional
	of part/ section/meeting (R) f part/section of a work (R) f meeting following jurisdiction name entry element (NR) (NR) n work (NR) n (NR) y record control number (R) code (R)

Definition	A conference or meeting name used as a main entry heading. A main entry heading is assigned according to various cataloging rules. Conference or meeting names are the names of athletic contests, conferences, exhibitions, expositions, festivals, meetings and scientific expeditions.
	If you enter a conference or meeting name indirectly (i.e., under the name of a corporate body), use <u>field 110</u> . If in doubt, use field 111.
	Do not enter field 111 in the same record with <u>field 100</u> , <u>field 110</u> or <u>field 130</u> .
1st Indicator	Type of meeting name entry element. The form of name. These values could be used to facilitate card filing arrangements. However, OCLC does not differentiate among forms of name for sorting cards.
	0 Inverted name. Pre-AACR2 headings in inverted order.
	111 0 Smith (David Nichol) Memorial Seminar.

	1 Jurisdiction name. Pre-AACR2 headings for a conference name entered und ecclesiastical entities or the jurisdiction names under which you enter a corpor name, a city section or a title of a work.		
	111 1 Chicago. ‡q Cartography Conference.		
	2 Name in direct order. Conference names entered in direct order. These headings may also have a parenthetical qualifier or may be an acronym or initialism.		
	111 2 CCCC.		
	111 2 Conference on Categorical Algebra.		
	111 2 Festival of Britain.		
	111 2 World Peace Congress.		
2nd Indicator	Undefined. The 2nd indicator position is undefined and contains a blank (b).		
	b Undefined		
Subfields			
‡a Meeting name or jurisdiction name as	Name of a meeting or a jurisdiction name under which a meeting is entered. Enter parenthetical qualifying information in subfield <i>‡</i> a.		
entry element	111 2 Conference on Comparative Education.		
	111 2 Expo 67.		
	111 2 G. Mendel Memorial Symposium, 1865-1965.		
	111 2 National Conference on Computing Careers for Deaf People.		
	Enter parenthetical qualifying information in parenthesis in subfield ‡a.		
	111 2 Military History Symposium (U.S.) ‡n (9th : ‡d 1980 : ‡c United States Air Force Academy)		
‡c Location of meeting	Place name or a name of an institution where a meeting was held. Use a single subfield ‡c for multiple adjacent locations.		
	111 2 Expo 67 ‡c (Montréal, Québec)		
	111 2 Festival of Britain ‡d (1951 : ‡c London, England)		
	111 2 Louisiana Cancer Conference ‡n (2nd : ‡d 1958 : ‡c New Orleans, La.)		
	111 2 Regional Conference on Mental Measurements of the Blind ‡n (1st : ‡d 1951 : ‡c Perkins Institution)		
	111 2 World Peace Congress \$\$\pm n\$ (1st : \$\$\pm d\$ 1949 : \$\$\pm c\$ Paris, France, and Prague, Czechoslovakia)		
td Date of meeting	The date a meeting was held.		
	111 2 Belgian-Netherlands Antarctic Expedition ‡d (1966)		
	111 2 Biennale di Venezia ‡n (36th : ‡d 1972)		
	111 2 Louisiana Cancer Conference ‡n (2nd : ‡d 1958 : ‡c New Orleans, La.)		
	111 2 Symposium on Finite Element Methods in Geotechnical Engineering ‡d (1972 : ‡c Vicksburg, Miss.)		

111 Main Entry–Meeting Name (NR) (cont.)

te Subordinate unit	A name of a subordinate unit entered under a meeting name.		
	111 2 Mostly Mozart Festival. ‡e Orchestra.		
	111 2 Olympic Games \$\pm n\$ (17th : \$\pm d\$ 1960 : \$\pm c\$ Rome, Italy). \$\pm e\$ Organizing Committee.		
‡f Date of a work	The date of publication used with a title of a work. Pre-AACR2 headings only.		
tg Miscellaneous information	Data not identified in other subfields. Pre-AACR2 headings only.		
‡h Medium	Obsolete. Do not use.		
‡j Relator term	Describes the relationship between a name and a work.		
	111 22 Forum on Bilateral Conversations \$\pm n\$ (5th : \$\pm d\$ 1930 : \$\pm c\$ Budapest, Hungary), \$\pm j\$ sponsor.		
‡k Form subheading	A form subheading. Pre-AACR2 headings only.		
‡I Language of a work	Name of a language or term representing the language of an item. Pre-AACR2 headings only.		
‡n Number of part/ section/meeting	The number of a meeting. Also the number designation for a part/section of a work. Numbering is an indication of sequencing in any form (e.g., Book two, Part 1, Supplement A).		
	111 2 Asian Games ‡n (9th : ‡d 1982 : ‡c Delhi, India)		
<pre>‡p Name of part/ section of a work</pre>	A name designation of a part/section of a work. Pre-AACR2 headings only.		
‡q Name of meeting following jurisdiction name entry element	The meeting name entered under a jurisdiction name contained in subfield ‡a. Pre-AACR2 headings only.		
‡s Version	Obsolete. Do not use.		
‡t Title of a work	A uniform title, a title page title of a work or a series title. Pre-AACR2 headings only. Enter AACR2 title main entry information in <u>field 240</u> or <u>field 245</u> as appropriate.		
‡u Affiliation	The affiliation or address of the name in subfield ‡a.		
‡0 Authority record control number	Subfield ‡0 (zero) contains the system control number of the related authority record or a standard identifier such as an International Standard Name Identifier (ISNI). The control number or identifier is preceded by the appropriate MARC Organization code (for a related authority record) or the Standard Identifier source code (for a standard identifier scheme), enclosed in parentheses. See <i>MARC Code List for Organizations</i> (http://www.loc.gov/marc/organizations/orgshome.html) for a listing of organization codes and <i>Standard Identifier Source Codes</i> (http://www.loc.gov/standards/sourcelist/standard-identifier.html) for code systems for standard identifiers. Subfield ‡0 is repeatable for different control numbers or identifiers.		
	Do not input subfield ‡0 in master records, instead use the control headings function. Local authority identifiers may be entered in subfield ‡0 locally, but should not be added to master records in WorldCat.		

‡4 Relator code	A three-character code that indicates the relationship of the entry to the iter <i>MARC Code Lists for Relators, Sources, Descriptive Conventions</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/marc/relators/relahome.html</u>).	
	111 2 Bayreuther Festspiele. ‡e Orchester. ‡4 prf	
Printing	Field 111 prints as the main heading. Subfields ‡u and ‡4 do not print.	

Inp	ut Standards		
Req	uired if applicable/Required if applicable		
1st	Indicator Nonfiling characters		
0	0 No nonfiling characters		
1-9	Number of nonfiling characters present		
2nc	Indicator Undefined		
Ø	Undefined		
Subfields (R=Repeatable NR=Nonrepeatable)		Input Standards	
‡a	Uniform title (NR)	Mandatory/Mandatory	
‡d	Date of treaty signing (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡f	Date of a work (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡g	Miscellaneous information (NR)	Optional. Pre-AACR2 only/Optional. Pre- AACR2 only	
‡h	Medium (NR)	Do not use/Do not use	
‡k	Form subheading (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡Ι	Language of a work (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡m	Medium of performance for music (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡n	Number of part/section of a work (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡o	Arranged statement for music (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡p	Name of part/section of a work (R)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡r	Key for music (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡s	Version (NR)	Required if applicable/Required if applicable	
‡t	Title of a work (NR)	Optional/Optional	
<u></u> ‡0	Authority record control number (R)	Optional/Optional	

Definition

A uniform title used as a main entry heading. A main entry under uniform title is used when a work is entered directly under the title and the work has appeared under varying titles, necessitating that a particular title be chosen to represent the work. Cataloging rules also prescribe the use of this field when the work is entered directly under the title and additions or deletions to the title proper must be accommodated (in this case, the title may not actually vary from iteration to iteration). Use <u>field 245</u> for the title that appears on the cataloged work. If the cataloging rules prescribe a uniform title for the cases listed below, use a 130 field:

- Anonymous works
- · Composite manuscripts or manuscript groups
- Concordats
- Names of journals and newspapers
- Radio and television programs
- Motion pictures and videorecordings
- Treaties and inter-governmental agreements

Do **not** enter field 130 in the same record with <u>field 100, field 110</u> or <u>field 111</u>. To enter a uniform title and another main entry (<u>field 100, field 110</u> or <u>field 111</u>), use <u>field 240</u> for the uniform title.

Serials In addition to using field 130 for uniform titles used to collocate records, field 130 may be used in AACR2 cataloging for serial uniform titles. Use field 130 to

	differentiate items published under an identical title proper in some cases, as outlined in the <i>CONSER Standard Record Guidelines</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/catdir/</u> <u>cpso/conserdoc.pdf</u>). The uniform title consists of the title proper followed by a qualifier enclosed in parentheses. The qualifier is usually the place of publication, distribution or name of the issuing body.
	If the place qualifier changes (e.g., either the name of the place changes or the place of publication changes), do not change the uniform title. Continue to use the existing record. Enter the appropriate information in a note.
	If the issuing-body qualifier changes (e.g., either the name of the body changes or that body ceases to be associated with the work), create a new record with a new uniform title. See the Library of Congress Rule Interpretation 25.5B (<u>http://www.loc.gov/catdir/cpso/currlcri.html</u>) for guidelines about choice of qualifier.
	For more information about the use of field 130, see the CONSER Standard Record Guidelines (<u>http://www.loc.gov/catdir/cpso/conserdoc.pdf</u>).
1st Indicator	Nonfiling characters. The number of character positions associated with a definite or indefinite article (e.g., <i>An</i> or <i>The</i>) at the beginning of a title and that are disregarded in sorting and filing processes.
	Current practice is to enter the title without articles and use 1st indicator value θ .
	0 No nonfiling characters. No initial article character positions are disregarded. Use value θ if the title does not begin with an article.
	130 0 Collection africaine.
	Diacritical marks or special characters at the beginning of a series statement field that does not begin with an initial article are not counted as nonfiling characters.
	130 0 Ökonomische Studien.
	1-9 Number of nonfiling characters present. A field begins with a definite or indefinite article that is disregarded in sorting and filing processes. Enter the number of characters in the article, plus spaces, punctuation, diacritical marks and special characters that precede the first significant word.
	Any diacritical mark or special character associated with the first filing character is not included in the count of nonfiling characters.
2nd Indicator	Undefined. The 2nd indicator position is undefined and contains a blank (b).
	b Undefined
Subfields	
‡a Uniform title	The uniform title. Enter parenthetical information added to make a title distinctive in subfield ‡a. Use subfield ‡d to record the date of signing added to a uniform title for a treaty.
	130 0 Carmina Burana.
	130 0 Genesis (Anglo-Saxon poem)
	130 0 Koran.
	130 0 Star is born (Motion picture : 1954)

Serials	•	field 130 to differentiate works, use subfield ‡a for both the title proper arenthetical qualifier.	
	130 0	Journal of education (Easton, Pa.)	
	130 0	Journal of education (New York, N.Y.)	
	130 0	Monograph (American Ethnological Society)	
	130 0	Monograph (California State University, San Diego. Bureau of Business and Economic Research)	
	130 0	Monograph (International Institute of Social Economics)	
	130 0	Month magazine (Ottawa edition)	
	130 0	Month magazine (London edition)	
td Date of treaty	The date of	of signing for a treaty or other intergovernmental agreement.	
signing	130 0	Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms ‡d (1950). ‡k Protocols, etc., ‡d 1963 Sept. 16.	
	130 0	Treaty of Utrecht ‡d (1713)	
‡f Date of a work	The date of publication used with a title of a work.		
	130 0	Bible. ‡l English. ‡s Anchor Bible. ‡f 1964.	
‡g Miscellaneous information	Data not identified in other subfields. Pre-AACR2 headings only.		
‡h Medium	Do not use.		
‡k Form subheading	Standardized phrases added to a heading to gather records for certain h materials. Form subheadings include: <i>Manuscript</i> ; <i>Protocols, etc.</i> ; <i>Sele</i>		
	130 0	Bible. ‡p O.T. ‡p Five Scrolls. ‡l Hebrew. ‡s Biblioteca apostolica vaticana. ‡k Manuscript. ‡n Urbiniti Hebraicus 1.	
	130 0	Koran. ‡l English. ‡k Selections.	
	130 0	Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms ‡d (1950). ‡k Protocols, etc., ‡d 1963 Sept. 16.	
‡I Language of a work	rk The name of the language or the term representing the language (e.g., Polygle work.		
	130 0	Lord's prayer. ‡l Polyglot.	
	130 0	Treaty on the Non-proliferation of Nuclear Weapons ‡d (1968). ‡l Spanish. ‡f 1977.	
‡m Medium of	Terms designating the medium of performance.		
performance for music		Concertos, ‡m violin, string orchestra. rm title heading is used for a work of unknown authorship.]	
‡n Number of part/ section of a work			
	130 0	Notenbüchlein für Anna Magdalena Bach ‡n (1725)	

130 Main Entry–Uniform Title (NR) (cont.)

	130 0 Southern reporter. ‡n Second series.		
	130 0 Economics library selections. ‡n Series 1, ‡p New books in economics.		
to Arranged	The abbreviation arr: used in a uniform title field.		
statement for music	130 0 God save the king; ‡o arr. ‡f 1982.		
<pre>‡p Name of part/</pre>	A name designation of a part/section of a work.		
section of a work	130 0 Bible. ‡p O.T. ‡l Hebrew. ‡f 1990.		
	130 0 Piae cantiones. ‡p Verbum caro factum est.		
‡r Key for music	The statement of key in which the music is written.		
	130 0 Concertos, ‡m violin, string orchestra, ‡r D major.		
‡s Version The versions, edition, etc., information.			
	130 0 Bible. ‡l English. ‡s Roche. ‡k Selections. ‡f 1990.		
	130 0 Bible. ‡p N.T. ‡l Korean. ‡s Ross version.		
t Title of a work	The title page title of a work. Unlikely to be used in field 130.		
‡0 Authority record control number	Subfield ‡0 (zero) contains the system control number of the related authority record or a standard identifier such as an International Standard Name Identifier (ISNI). The control number or identifier is preceded by the appropriate MARC Organization code (for a related authority record) or the Standard Identifier source code (for a standard identifier scheme), enclosed in parentheses. See <i>MARC Code List for Organizations</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/marc/organizations/orgshome.html</u>) for a listing of organization codes and <i>Standard Identifier Source Codes</i> (<u>http://www.loc.gov/standards/sourcelist/standard-identifier.html</u>) for code systems for standard identifiers. Subfield ‡0 is repeatable for different control numbers or identifiers.		
	Do not input subfield \$\$\pma0\$ in master records, instead use the control headings function. Local authority identifiers may be entered in subfield \$\$\pma0\$ locally, but should not be added to master records in WorldCat.		
Printing	ng Field 130 prints as the main heading.		