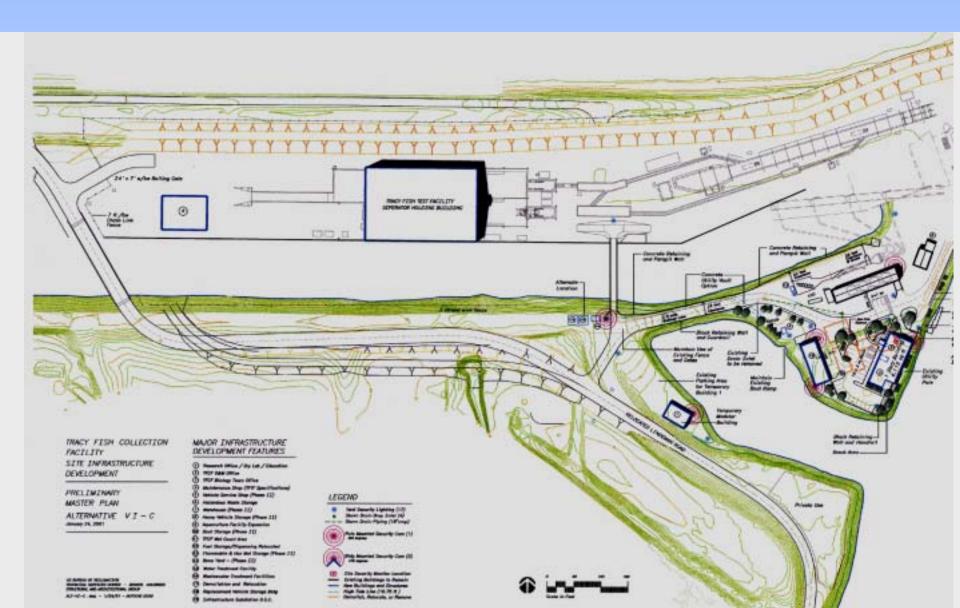


Tracy Fish Test Facility

- Objective: To Determine Feasibility of New State-of-the-Art Fish Screen and Salvage Facility for SWP/CVP
 - Design by USBR and Technical Advisory Team with CCF, Tracy, and North Delta in mind
 - Coordinated Research and Evaluation Plan Under Development with Science Review
 - Research and Operations Experience will Feed into SWP/CVP Full Buildout
 - Cannot Disrupt Existing Operations



TTAT Alternative as of Mid-2002



Major Areas to be Evaluated at <u>ANY</u> Tracy Fish Test Facility

- Debris Management
- Predator Management
- Fish Lift Systems
- Fish Screening, Collecting, Sorting, and Holding Facilities
- Fish Trucking and Release Improvements
- Compatibility / Comparison with Existing Fish Collection Facilities

Tracy Fish Test Facility Six Options Being Considered

Differ by Scale

Differ by Operational Flexibility

Differ by Configuration

Differ by Cost (\$49M to \$138M)

Proposed Tracy Fish Test Facility Options

Option	Description	Flow through screens (cfs)	Depth at low Tide (ft)	Exposure Time @ Vs = 2 ft/sec (sec)	Bypass Flow to SepiHold Facility (cfs)	Fish Screen Bypass Options	Const Cost	Comments ł Issues
1	TFTF as designed by TTAT, Full Invert Depth, 240 foot screen	500-824	16	120	84	Pumps & Gravity	\$138M	* Most flexibility * Can test full gravity and pump bypass systems * Can test higher than NMFS 60-second exposure criteria * Gravity separator not working well in laboratory
2	Full invert depth, 240 foot screen	596-1582	16	120	20	Pumps	\$78M	* Can test 20 cfs bypass pumps and holding tank gravity system (w/o separator) * Can test higher than NMFS 60-second exposure criteria * Assumes bypass system are scalable to prototype
3	Full invert depth, 120 foot screen	256-672	16	60	20	Pumps	\$56 M	* Can test 20 cfs bypass pumps and holding tank gravity system (w/o separator) * Can test NMFS exposure criteria * Assumes bypass system is scalable to prototype
4	Shallower invert depth, 240 foot screen	180-750	5	120	20	Pumps	\$63M	* Can test smaller bypass pumps and tank gravity system (w/o separator) * Can test higher than NMFS 60 exposure criteria * Assumes bypass system is scalable to prototype * Sampling of debris, sediment, and fish may vary from prototype
5	Shallower invert depth, 120 foot screen	80-320	5	60	20	Pumps	\$49M	* Can test smaller bypass pumps and tank gravity system (w/o separator) * Can Test NMFS Exposure Criteria * Bypass system may not be scalable to Prototype * Sampling of debris, sediment, and fish may vary from prototype
6	Do not construct TFTF							* Must rely on other testing programs to predict impacts * Potential for higher cost future facility

Future Challenges

- New ESA Fish Listings
- Changing Debris
- Invasive Species (Zebra Mussel)
- Changing Operations
- Manpower/Safety Issues
- Funding
- Integration with other Delta Actions

Suggested Near-term SDFF Forum Actions

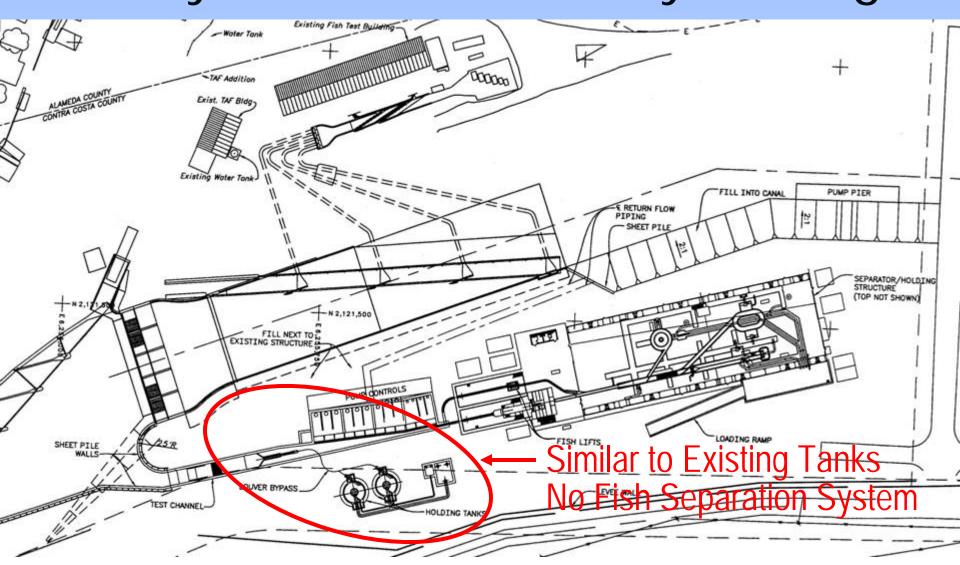
Tracy Fish Test Facility

Build or not build TFTF

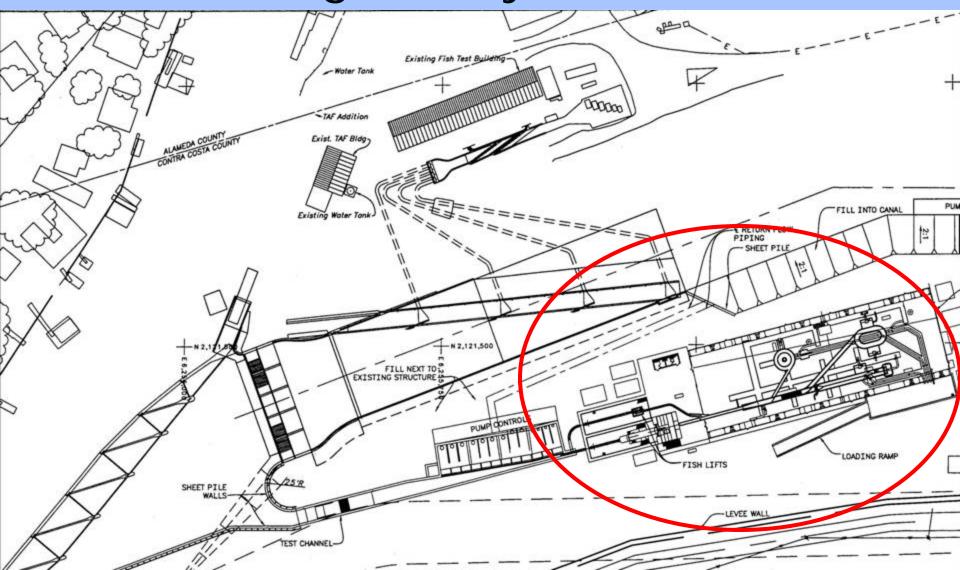
- Include gravity bypass
- Scale of facility
- Testing criteria
- Priority for fish protection

END

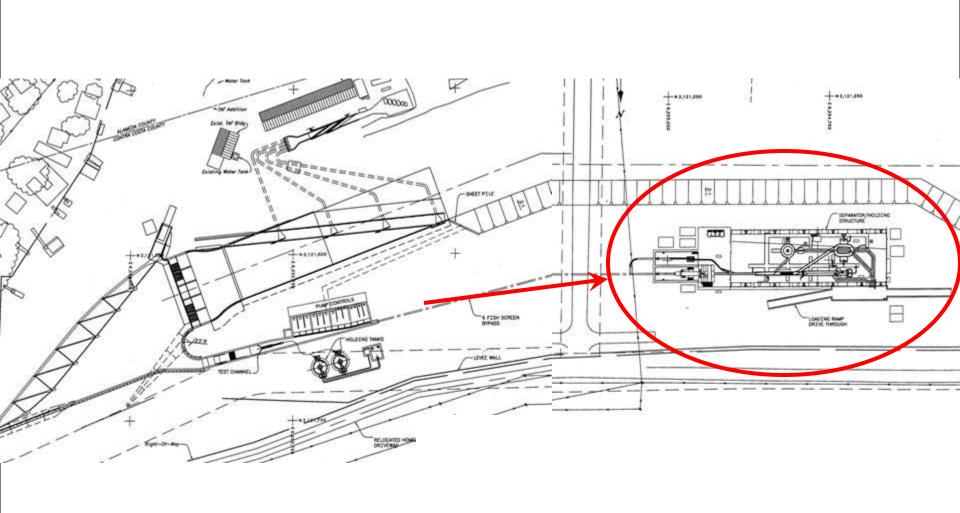
Facility Option Variables: Leaky Louver with Gravity Holding



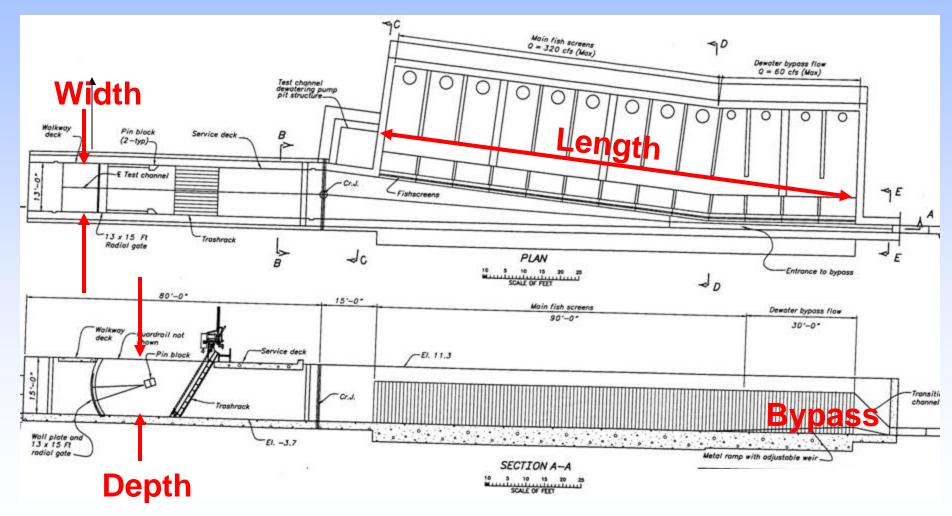
Variables (Con't): Holding Facility Location 1



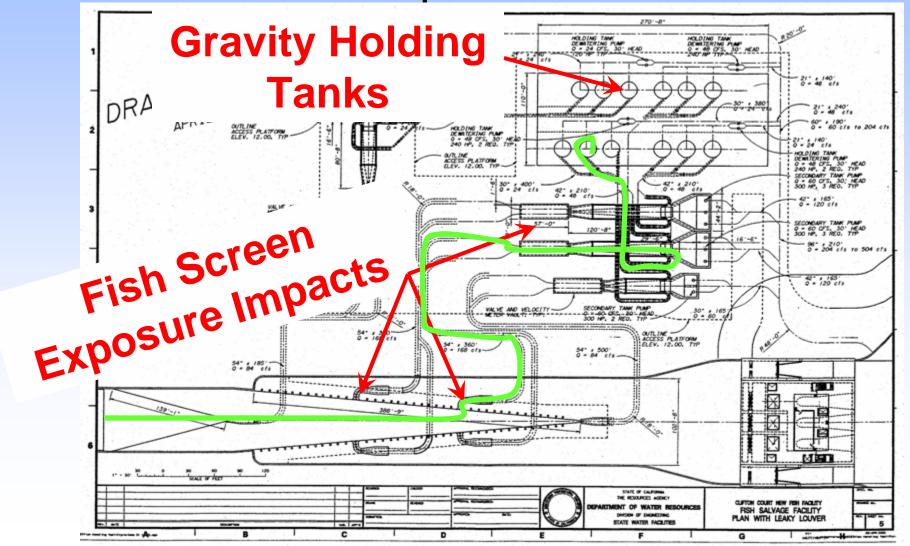
Variables (Con't): Holding Facility Location 2



Variables (Con't): Width, Depth, Length, Bypass



Regulatory Requirements: New Fish Screen Built to "Criteria" may not Address Operations Issues



Regulatory Requirements:

New Fish Screens Built with "Criteria Variance" will Need Verification Testing

